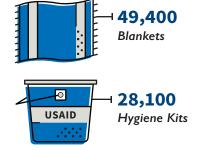
U.S. HURRICANE MATTHEW RESPONSE EFFORT

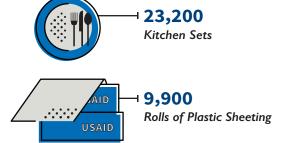
Hurricane Matthew, a Category 4 storm, struck the central Caribbean on October 4-6, 2016. In advance of the storm's arrival, USAID activated a regional Disaster Assistance Response Team (DART) on October 3. The DART — which at its height comprised of more than 70 people—led the U.S. humanitarian response efforts in coordination with affected governments. The majority of the U.S. response was focused on Haiti, which sustained the most damage from hurricane.

U.S. Humanitarian Assistance |

Over \$82 Million

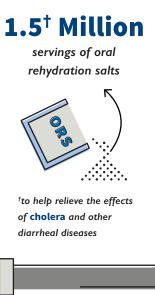
provided to Haiti, The Bahamas, and Jamaica. In Haiti we provided:

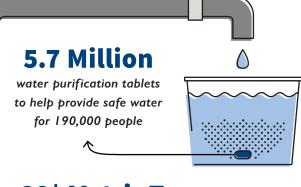




Health and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene

To prevent the spread of cholera and strengthen health services, USAID supported cholera treatment facilities and mobile health clinics in affected areas. USAID also promoted safe hygiene practices and provided water, sanitation, and other critical supplies including:





38* Metric Tons

of Calcium Hypochlorite (HTH)

*to chlorinate piped water systems for three months



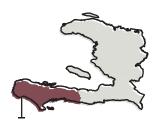
All numbers as of January 4, 2017
Sources: OCHA and Government of Haiti

Impact |

1.4* Million People

in need of humanitarian assistance

*175,000 people displaced



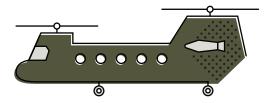
60% of roads

damaged in SW peninsula

U.S. Military Assistance

275 Metric Tons

of relief supplies delivered



98 Missions

to deliver relief supplies and response personnel

Food Assistance

14,900 Metric Tons

of locally-procured and imported assistance



126 Metric Tons

of ready-to-use supplementary food

*enough to to treat **31,502 children** suffering from moderate acute malnutrition