



The Political Culture of Democracy in Mexico 2004

Technical information

<i>Country</i>	<i>Year</i>	<i>Size of sample</i>	<i>Weighted/Unweighted:</i>
Mexico	2004	1,556	Unweighted

This survey was carried out in 2004 as part of the Central America, Mexico and Colombia project of LAPOP. It was conducted by Vanderbilt University and ITAM. It was carried out by Jorge Buendía and Alejandro Moreno.

The survey was a national probability design, with a total N of 1,556. The sample was stratified by region (north, midwest, central region and south) and by urban/rural. The interviews were conducted in 130 sites distributed in 29 of the 32 Federative States of Mexico, and 89 of the 2,445 municipalities are represented in the sample.

The complete sample is composed of 49.6% female respondents and 50.4% male and its estimated margin of error is ± 2.8 , after correction for stratification and cluster size. It is relevant to note that the survey was conducted in march 2004, just days after a series of corruption scandals that involved the head of Mexico's Green Party as well as several high profile politicians and President Fox's Secretary of Finance. The complete report including the section on corruption and the questionnaire can be found at "The Political Culture of Democracy in Mexico, 2004", written by Mitchell Seligson, Jorge Buendía and Alejandro Moreno and published by ITAM and Vanderbilt University with the support of USAID.

The data in this national survey analyzes the attitudes of Mexican citizens towards support for stable democracy, corruption, crime, the rule of law, local government and social capital.

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